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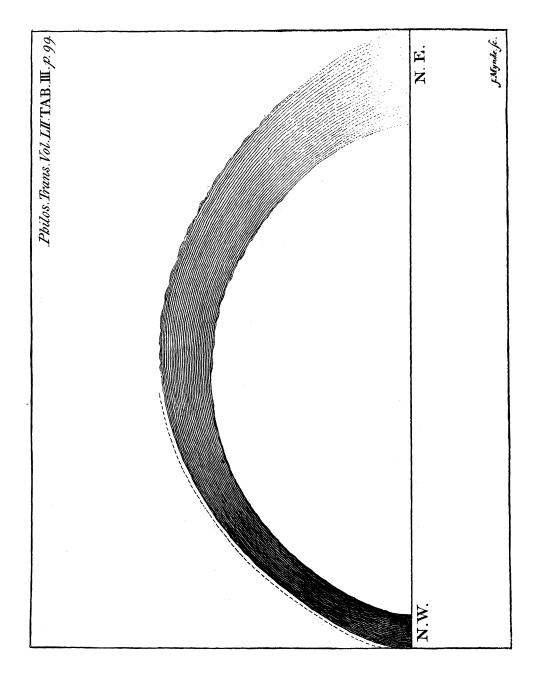
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as I saw them to the east of the Giants-causeway, and in the isle of Mull; except that these are divided by such a sparry substance into a great number of small figures, which seem to go down through them. There are spots and veins of a whitish stone in the pillars. There is no sign of any thing of this kind in any of the rocks near, that I could observe, or hear of.

XVIII. An Account of a remarkable Meteor feen at Oxford. In a Letter to the Rev. Thomas Birch, D. D. Secretary to the Royal Society, from the Rev. John Swinton, B. D. of Christ-Church, Oxon. F. R. S.

Reverend Sir,

Read Feb. 26, DEING on the Parks, or public university-walk here, on Sunday, Sept. 21, 1760, from 6h 40' to 7h 25' P. M. such a meteor exhibited itself to my view as I had never seen before. [Vide Tab. III.] A dark cloud, like a pillar or column of thick black smoke, and perpendicular to the horizon, appeared in the N. W. pushing gradually forward towards the zenith, and at last extending itself almost to the opposite part of the heavens. It was at first several degrees broad, but grew broader and broader, as it approached the zenith; through which it passed, and nearly bissected the hemisphere, in a wonderful manner. At 7h this surprizing arch, falling little short of a semicircle,

that would have refembled an Iris, had not the colours of it been different, feemed to be completely formed. I fay, " had not the colours of " it been different;" because the lower part was exceeding black, but the other fubfuscous only and white. The exterior limb of this arch as far as the vertex was tinged with a pale yellow, that gave it no disagreeable appearance. The edges of it were at first tolerably smooth, and pretty well defined, but afterwards became rugged and irregular. The whole moved with the wind, from the first to the last moment of its existence. For a few minutes, it rendered the moon absolutely invisible. That planet had, for a confiderable time before its approach, been fomewhat darkened by the thick hazy air; which, however, did not totally obscure it. The tract near the northern part of the horizon, contiguous to the meteor, was Interspersed with fuscous caliginous clouds, and that near the zenith with some of a whitish colour. of them were very distinguishable from the phænomenon itself. They grew gradually paler and paler, till they were intirely dispersed. About 7h 25' P.M. all remains of the meteor were so perfectly dissipated, that not the faintest traces of them were to be seen.

That this phænomenon was a Water-Spout, or rather the first appearance of one, though the proper Spout itself was not visible, will perhaps not be denied by any person moderately versed in natural history. The foregoing description seems to render this at least extremely probable. This meteor made a considerable impression upon the minds of the vulgar here. Several of the lower fort of people, according to custom, believed it to portend some calamitous event.

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One of them declared, that it would prove a scourge (as she imagined it to resemble a whip or scourge) to this nation; and others, even less superstitious, were struck with no small degree of astonishment at so unusual a sight. The weather was mild, or rather warm, the whole day. The wind, during the continuance of the phænomenon, and almost ever since, was W. S. W. though it did not then exceed a very

gentle gale.

When or where the diffolution of the Spout happened, provided we admit of the foregoing suppofition, I cannot pretend to fay; not having received, from any person, the least information on that head. The weather for three months before was, with very little intermission, hot and exceeding dry, such as generally precedes meteors of this kind *. As the phænomenon was feen, by the Reverend Dr. Neve, Fellow of Corpus-Christi College, at Middleton-Stoney, twelve miles from hence, and (as I was told by Samuel Wilmot, Efq;) at Sandford, N. W. of that village, a few miles farther from this place, at the very time that I observed it, and attended by circumstances nearly the same with those that occured to me; it must have been, as might easily be demonstrated, of a pretty considerable height.

Perhaps it would be difficult to find an account of a meteor resembling this in every particular, either in antient or modern history. 'Tis certain, a similar one is not remembered, or recorded, ever to have been seen here. Such appearances at sea, on our coasts, are very uncommon; but at land, especially so

^{*} Philof. Transatt. Vol. XXII. n. 270. p. 805.

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far distant from the sea as is Oxford, extremely rare. I therefore judged, that a short description of it might not be altogether unacceptable to the Royal Society. I shall only beg leave to add, that a most terrible storm of rain and hail followed it, which continued from a little past 3 to near 5 o'clock, the next morning; that we have had much of such stormy weather here, and in the neighbourhood of this city, ever since; and that

I am,

With all possible consideration and esteem,

Good Sir,

Your most obliged,
and most obedient,
humble servant,

John Swinton.

Christ-Church, Oxon. Sept. 27, 1760.